

situated the occupation of the greater part of Hungary, with the exception of Budapest and the outlying districts, by allied troops, according to reports. The resignation of Count Karolyi followed his presentation to the cabinet of a note outlining the new boundary between Hungary and Romania.

"Imperialistic Conquerors"

PAULUS, March 23.—(Havas).—The proclamation of the new Hungarian government invites the workmen and peasants of Bohemia, Rumania, Serbia and Croatia to form an armed alliance against the aristocracy, land owners and dynasties. It requests also that the workmen of Austria and Germany follow the lead of Hungary in breaking off relations with the Paris peace conference.

They are requested to rally with the Moscow government and constitute a soviet republic and to resist, arms in hand, the "imperialistic conquerors" and the "bourgeoisie."

The document ends by urging each workman and peasant to work in order to produce or to enlist in the army.

BASEL, March 23.—(Havas).—Advices received here from Vienna are to the effect that the council of ministers has decided to send provisions against the aristocracy, land owners and capitalists, the Rumanian aristocracy and the Czech bourgeoisie.

The document ends by urging each workman and peasant to work in order to produce or to enlist in the army.

COPENHAGEN, March 23.—Alexander Gorchak has assumed the presidency of the revolutionary government of the workers, peasants and soldiers' councils, according to dispatches from Budapest filed Saturday.

Belal Kun has become foreign commissary and Joseph Pogany was commissary. It is rumored that Kun has applied to Lenin for armed assistance.

Newspapers in Budapest have ceased publication.

COPENHAGEN, March 23.—A dispatch from Budapest dated Friday said that at that time order was being maintained by the troops and the national guard. The revolutionary government, it was stated, had issued a prohibition against the carrying of arms, making the penalty for disobedience five years' penal servitude and a fine of 50,000 kronen.

Other dispatches announce that order prevails in the country districts around Budapest.

COPENHAGEN, March 23.—The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger's Budapest correspondent says an army of 10,000 men has been formed secretly under the command of Count Karolyi and the revolutionary government, and the rural populations are supporting the new government.

AMSTERDAM, Saturday, March 23.—(The Associated Press).—When the Hungarian cabinet, headed by Count Karolyi as provisional president, resigned late in the week, the governing party, consisting of the socialists and communists, proclaimed martial law throughout the country, according to a dispatch from Budapest.

Under the title of "Hungarian communist party," the socialists and communists have combined and will administer the country.

REDUCE PRICES NOW OR MINES MUST CLOSE

SALT LAKE CITY, March 23.—Unless there is an immediate reduction of approximately twenty per cent in the cost of necessities of life, all of the mines and smelters in Utah will close, according to the declarations of a circular issued by metal mine operators to merchants in Utah's mining camps. The statement is issued by a committee recently appointed by the operators and is based on an investigation of living costs.

The circular points out that the prices of mining supplies and on necessities of life have remained as high as they were in July 1918, notwithstanding the price of copper has declined. The signing of the armistice from 25 to 30 cents a pound, and that of lead from \$8.05 to \$5.25 a hundred pounds necessitating reductions in wages and reductions in mining profits.

PERU SEEKS AIR SERVICE

LIMA, March 23.—The government has invited American and European bids for starting an aerial mail service in Peru.

Little Talks on LITTLE TOM

The size may be little—but the quality is high

Little Tom is made by the same manufacturers as Tom Moore Cigar.

ROTHENBERG & SCHLOSS CIGAR COMPANY, Denver, Colorado

Albert Visits Pershing

CHAMONT, Saturday, March 23.—King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium spent the night at the headquarters of General Pershing and left this morning by automobile for Brussels.

CHAMONT, Saturday, March 23.—The Vienna correspondent of the Berlin Vossische Zeitung says Colonel Strutt, who was stationed at Ekartsau by the British government to watch the treatment accorded former Emperor Charles, had doubts as to the safety of the one-time monarch and obtained the assent of Switzerland to grant him asylum without consulting Charles.

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MOVIE MEN SAY PROPOSED LAW IS GOOD THING

Some Inside Information—Laugh at Threat of Exhibitors to Make State "Movieless"

"Threats of the moving picture producers to make Arizona 'movieless' should Governor Campbell sign the bill to keep the cash deposits of the moving picture exhibitors in the state, anyone who laughs who understands the situation," declared Ray F. Brandon of Brandon Brothers, yesterday.

"The producers have had a good thing for so long and are anxious that it continue. This bill in this state worries them, for if Arizona makes it a law, every other state in the union will follow suit within a short time."

"As it is now," said Mr. Brandon, "the moving picture exhibitor hasn't a thing to say, the producer tells him just what to do and where to get off. The exhibitor takes all the chances, whereas the producer takes none. Suppose an exhibitor's theater burns down, or something happens that prevents him running his house, does the producer return his cash deposit? He does not."

"During the recent influenza epidemic in Phoenix when the moving picture houses were closed I paid more than \$1,100 for pictures I could not show, because the house was closed by the city. I had to pay the producer just the same, and the producer was not out a cent, and he no salary to the film, no rent, no insurance, he even isn't out the express charges."

"That the moving picture makers produce the films with the deposit money of the exhibitors was the astonishing statement on an exhibitor in this city, a strange state of affairs not generally known by the ordinary citizen."

"Suppose a producer's agent comes to me and says that Maude Adams is to make a picture for me in a year," said Mr. Brandon, "Of course, I would like to show the picture here. In order to make a contract for that picture, which is not to be made for a year, I put up a cash deposit of probably \$10,000 at the time of signing the contract."

"Reveal Exhibitors' System. 'Agents of the producer are making similar contracts in every city and town in the United States and are collecting cash deposits of thousands of exhibitors, the producer makes the picture.'"

"Then the picture is made, the exhibitor has no means of knowing whether it is a good one or not, but he pays for it just the same. Of course, the producer doesn't want to give up this good thing of producing pictures with the cash deposits of the exhibitors."

"Don't have any fear that the producers will not send any pictures to Arizona if Governor Campbell signs the bill keeping this deposit money in the state. There are too many producers now and too many pictures."

"To prove it I'll tell you of a film for which I paid \$10,000 to exhibit in Phoenix. The agent then went to an exhibitor in Douglas and wanted to make a similar contract, but the Douglas man laughed at him. The agent then went to the exhibitor in Phoenix and he laughed; he cut it a fourth time, and still the producer would not consent."

"Finally, I want to show this picture in your house, so I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll send you this film and you exhibit it and when it is done you send me what the price is. The exhibitor said he didn't want the film even at those terms."

"It is an idle threat, this one of making Arizona 'movieless' as I hope the bill is signed. It would give the exhibitor a little square deal, perhaps."

OPEN WOMEN'S JUBILEE

ST. LOUIS, March 23.—The jubilee convention of the National Woman Suffrage association was opened in St. Louis today with the reception of delegates by the directors.

The jubilee feature is supported by the fact that women won the vote in the first suffrage state, Wyoming, fifty years ago.

The most important feature of the convention will be the unionization of the women of the country to work for the national enfranchisement of women.

The jubilee will be better conditions in the civil, industrial and moral status of women and children.

TO TRY GAS EXPERT

NEW YORK, March 23.—Captain Edwin G. Weisgerber, engineer corps, U. S. A., said to be one of the leading gas experts in this country, will be tried by courtmartial at Governors Island tomorrow, charged with offenses committed during war times against the military services of Great Britain and the United States.

One charge is that he sought to sell to the British government a synthetic fuel, an ingredient of which is picric acid. Use of this fuel, the war department charges, would have resulted in the destruction of any internal combustion engine in the operation of which it might be employed.

The charge is made by the government that the alleged acts of Captain Weisgerber were such as to demonstrate "his disloyalty to the government of the United States and his sympathy with its enemies."

JEWISH DANCE TONIGHT—An informal dance will be given tonight at the Woman's club by the Council of Jewish women. Tickets will be on sale at the door. The object of the dance is to start a fund toward building a temple in Phoenix.

OHIO GUARDSMEN BACK

NEW YORK, March 23.—Headquarters and more than 4,200 troops of the Thirty-seventh division, former Ohio national guardsmen, who helped break the German lines in the Argonne and later put the German troops to flight in Belgium, arrived in this port today on three transports.

DOUBT CHARLES' SAFETY

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TROOPS CROSS BORDER AND KILL

(Continued from page one)

lowed through to the goal with troops and the machine gunners right behind to push the ball through.

The eighth cavalry polo team, including Captain Kloefer, is planning to leave soon for Del Monte, California, to play the Coronado, Del Monte, San Mateo and Burlingame polo teams.

Bring In Wounded

JUAREZ, March 23.—Three wounded quilla del Marquisote, with bloody bandages on their head and arms, were brought here today from Guzman, Chihuahua, and placed in the Hospital Laborista, being the first wounded from the battle, Wednesday, in which General Fortunato Zuazua claimed to have routed Martin Lopez's band of 1,000 men, the latter, however, another. One was shot in the arm, another in the head and a third in the body.

Passengers who arrived on the same train from the Mormon colonies reported a hand of Lopez's band stragglers seen near Pearson, Chihuahua, yesterday. They were pursued and fired upon by Colonel Del Arco's infantry, but escaped on horseback.

The wounded soldiers and civilian passengers confirmed General Zuazua's military reports of the battle insofar as the routing of Lopez's band, the killing of Lopez and Felix Martinez was concerned.

The instant question of the associated powers is to make up their minds about what to do with Germany. A command to make up their minds in 1919, so surely will vindictive abuse of victory result at some future day upon the head of France.

No political union now so disintegrated as to suppose that Germany can pay the whole cost of the war, or that purpose can be kept in mind for a hundred years.

CHICAGO, March 23.—As a result of a 100 per cent increase in the death rate within the Modern Woodmen of America since November 1, last, according to a report of Earl Clark, N. Bort, the head of the society will meet here in special session March 25.

Several proposals for increased insurance rates are to be considered, in order to take care of a deficit of \$1,518,485.55 for 1917-18, according to Head Banker C. E. Alshire.

DANIELS REACHES BREST

BREST, March 23.—The American transport Leithan, with Secretary of the Navy James Daniels on board, arrived in Brest at ten o'clock this morning.

Secretary Daniels was received by the American naval attaché, Admiral Moore, maritime prefect, and Rear Admiral Alexander S. Halstead, U. S. N., district commander at Brest. A detachment of marines with a band accompanied the secretary.

Secretary Daniels this afternoon was the host of Major General Ely A. Helmick, commanding at Camp Pontanzen.

GOLD GOING SOUTH

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Latin America continues to absorb virtually the entire exportation of gold from the United States. Figures made public today by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce showed that of a total of \$3,396,058 worth of the metal licensed for shipment in January, \$1,838,000 went to Colombia, \$1,129,872 to Mexico, \$282,550 to Venezuela, and \$135,535 to Peru.

O'LEARY JURY DISAGREES

NEW YORK, March 23.—After deliberating 54 hours and failing to reach a verdict, the jury which heard the case of Jeremiah A. O'Leary, charged with violating the espionage law, was discharged by Federal Judge Hand at 5:55 o'clock today.

Of the eight counts in the indictment three had been eliminated by the court. The jury reported that it had acquitted O'Leary, former editor of the anti-British magazine Bull, of four of the remaining counts, but had been unable to agree on the last. The same was true in the case of the Bull Publishing company, and American Truth society, co-defendants with O'Leary, but Adolf Stein, business manager of the magazine, and the third co-defendant, was acquitted on all counts.

O'Leary was taken back to the Tombs to spend the night, but it was announced an application for his release on bond would be made tomorrow.

SUPPRESS AUSTRIAN BLOCKADE

PARIS, Saturday, March 23.—The Austrian foreign office has been informed by the Italian armistice commission that the associated powers have decided unanimously to suppress the blockade of Austria and Hungary, says a semi-official dispatch received here from Vienna.

SHARP RETURNS APRIL 11

PARIS, March 23.—William Graves Sharp, American ambassador to France, has decided to sail for home on April 11.

BOLSHEVISTS HOLD TOWNS

ARCHANGEL, March 21 (Friday).—The bolsheviks are still holding Bolshoi and Ozer, but yesterday displayed no further activity in that sector. At all other points it was said the situation elsewhere was reported unchanged.

GOV. BOYLE AIR PASSENGER

SACRAMENTO, March 23.—Two of the three de Havilland airplanes that made the flight Saturday from Mather field to Carson City and Reno, returned late today. Governor Boyle of Nevada, being a passenger.

The first plane to reach Mather field made the return trip from Carson City in one hour, clipping 30 minutes from the record of the day before. The third de Havilland lost its way and landed about 20 miles south of here.

LEADING ENGINEER DIES

CHICAGO, March 23.—Emil C. Braun, who came to Chicago in 1882, as Germany's official electrical engineer, died here today. He was 74 years old. Braun was chief engineer of the St. Louis street railways for several years, dropped dead here today. His widow, widow of Louis Willich, founder of "Puck."

TO ACCOMPANY PRESIDENT

PARIS, Friday, March 23.—Baron Emile de Carteret de Marne, Belgian minister to the United States, arrived here from Washington to accompany President Wilson on his visit to Belgium. The date for this has not been fixed.

SIBERIAN CASUALS RETURN

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—A detachment of 1,500 Siberian soldiers, the largest number yet to reach here, arrived today on the transport Sherman. Most of the casualties, which included 63 men listed as patients, were from the Siberian army.

PARIS PRESS STRONG IN WILSON SUPPORT

NEUTRAL OR NOT IS ARGENTINE PROBLEM

BUENOS AIRES, March 23.—(By The Associated Press).—La Nacion, in an article dealing with the question of Argentina's position in the world war, and the attitude of the peace conference in Paris with regard to her claim to have been one of the belligerent nations, says:

"It is learned from a reliable source that Don Marcello de Alvear (Argentine minister to France), was instructed to inform the neutral conference on the league of nations last Thursday, that Argentina could not be considered neutral, because throughout the war she maintained an attitude of diplomatic belligerency toward Germany. Don Alvear was instructed to recall the insistent demands of Argentina against submarine raiding, resulting in Berlin's promise to sink no more Argentine vessels. The government was then prepared to break relations, but to declare war because of aggressive actions against Argentina's sovereignty."

"Don Alvear was instructed to state that Argentina's attitude was clearly defined when she declared the justice of the United States declaration of war, in responding to Secretary of State Lansing's notification; when she expressed adhesion to the Belgian cause in greeting the new Belgian minister, and when she offered military forces and munitions to Uruguay to meet the threatened invasion by German colonists from southern Brazil."

The foreign office, La Nacion says in conclusion, is preparing to publish its telegram to Don Alvear, upon receipt of his report on the attitude of the peace conference toward Argentina's claims.

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